

# NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER SUPPLY AND POLLUTION CONTROL COMMISSION

## LAKE TROPHIC DATA

### MORPHOMETRIC:

LAKE <u>Nottingham Lake</u>	LAKE AREA (HA) <u>14.64</u>
TOWN <u>Nottingham</u>	MAXIMUM DEPTH (M) <u>2.6</u>
COUNTY <u>Rockingham</u>	MEAN DEPTH (M) <u>1.2</u>
RIVER BASIN <u>Coastal</u>	VOLUME (M <sup>3</sup> ) <u>180,000</u>
LATITUDE <u>45° 07'N</u>	MUD SURFACE AREA (HA) <u>12.00</u>
LONGITUDE <u>71° 03'W</u>	RELATIVE DEPTH <u>0.6</u>
ELEVATION (FT) _____	SHORE CONFIGURATION _____
SHORE LENGTH (M) _____	AREAL WATER LOAD (M/YR) <u>88.51</u>
WATERSHED AREA (HA) <u>2686.8</u>	FLUSHING RATE (YR <sup>-1</sup> ) <u>72.0</u>
% WATERSHED PONDED <u>4.0%</u>	PHOSPHORUS RETENTION COEFF. <u>0.25</u>

### BIOLOGICAL:

DATE	27 JAN 1986	9 AUG 1985
DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% total) <sup>1</sup>	Asterionella (60%)	Filamentous blue-green (60%)
<sup>2</sup>		
NUMBER OF ALGAL GENERA	9	7
SPECIES DIVERSITY		1.74
CHLOROPHYLL <u>a</u> (µg/L)		3.68
DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% total) <sup>1</sup>	None observed	Nauplii larvae (45%)
<sup>2</sup>		Polyarthra (45%)
ROTIFERS/LITER		148
MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER		144
TOTAL ZOOPLANK. CNTS (cells/L)	< 1	292
VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE		Very abundant
DOMINANT VASCULAR PLANTS <sup>1</sup>		Utricularia
<sup>2</sup>		Potamogeton
<sup>3</sup>		
SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (M)		2.1
BOTTOM DISS. OXYGEN (mg/L)	12.4	3.2
SEDIMENT: % ORGANIC MATTER		

LAKE TYPE: An artificial pond.

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION: YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_ WEAK X

IF YES, VOLUME OF HYPOLIMNION \_\_\_\_\_ (m<sup>3</sup>) THERMOCLINE DEPTH \_\_\_\_\_ (m)

CHEMICAL: (mg/L unless indicated otherwise) LAKE: Nottingham Lake

	WINTER		SUMMER	
DATE	27 JAN 1986		9 AUG 1985	
DEPTH (M)	1.5		1.0	2.5
pH (UNITS)	5.5		6.6	6.4
ALKALINITY (I. P.)	0.76		3.4	3.4
ALKALINITY (F.E.P.)	2.3		4.9	4.9
NITRITE+NITRATE NITROGEN			< 0.05	< 0.05
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN			0.43	0.40
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	0.020		0.018	0.020
SPEC. CONDUCT. ( $\mu$ Mhos/cm)	59.9		42.4	42.2
APPARENT COLOR (UNITS)	60		70	80
TRUE COLOR (440 nm)(UNITS)	NR		NR	NR
MAGNESIUM			0.49	
CALCIUM			1.5	
SODIUM			6	
POTASSIUM			< 0.5	
CHLORIDE			8	8
TN : TP			24	20
INORG-N : INORG-P				
[Mg+Ca] : [Na+K]				
CALCITE SATURATION INDEX			4.0	

\* = NOT DEFENSIBLE

NR = NO RESULT

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 1985

CLASSIFICATION POINTS:

D.O.	S.D.	PLANT ABUND.	CHL a	TOTAL PTS.	TROPHIC CLASS.
-	2	4	0	6	Meso.

COMMENTS:

1. Winter sampling was conducted during the January thaw; high flows at the outlet; may be the cause of lower pH and alkalinity in the winter.

# NOTTINGHAM LAKE

NOTTINGHAM



ROUGH BATHYMETRIC CHART  
WSPCC - 1985  
SOUNDED BY FATHOMETER

5 FT ISOBATHS

0 .2 KM

## FIELD DATA SHEET

WATER BODY Nottingham LakeTOWN NottinghamBY WSPCCDATE COLLECTED 9 August 1985WEATHER Sunny, hot, humid; no breeze

STATION	DEPTH (M)	TEMP. (°C)	*DISSOLVED OXYGEN	OXYGEN: % SATURATION			
DEEP SPOT	0.1	26.0	8.0	100%			
	1.0	23.3	8.0	100%			
	2.0	21.7	3.2	37%			

SECCHI DISK (M) 2.1

COMMENTS:

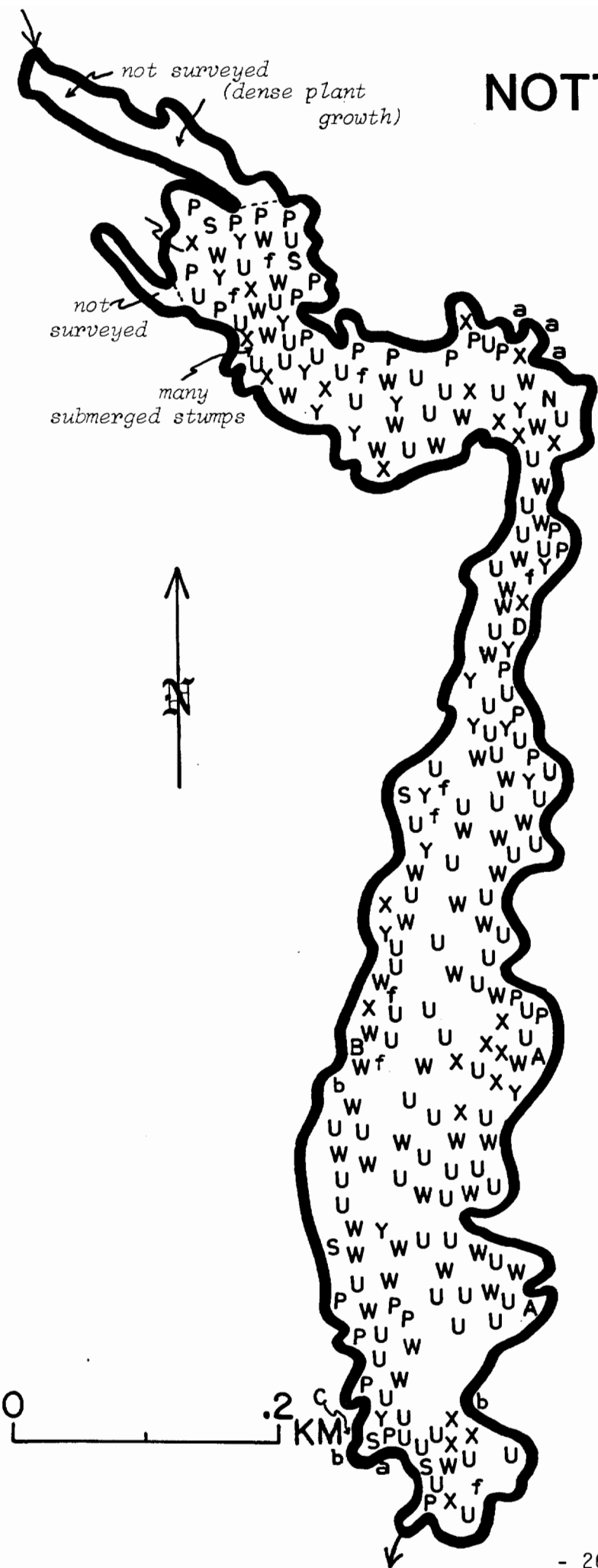
BOTTOM DEPTH (M) 2.6TIME 1115 hrs.

\* Dissolved oxygen values in mg/L - 261 -

# NOTTINGHAM LAKE

NOTTINGHAM

AQUATIC PLANTS  
9 AUG 1985



## AQUATIC PLANT SURVEY

LAKE Nottingham Lake TOWN Nottingham DATE 9 AUG 85 BY WSPCC

Key	PLANT NAME		ABUNDANCE
	GENERIC	COMMON	
X		Sterile, thread-like leaves	Abundant
P	Pontederia cordata	Pickereelweed	Common
U	Utricularia	Bladderwort	Very abundant
Y	Nuphar	Yellow water lily	Common
W	Potamogeton	Pondweed	very abundant
S	Sparganium	Bur reed	Common
N	Nymphaea	White water lily	Sparse
f	Spirogyra	Filamentous green algae	Abundant
D	Dulichium arundinaceum	Three-way sedge	Sparse
B	Brasenia schreberi	Water shield	Sparse
b	Scirpus cyperinus	Bulrush	Common
C	Carex	Sedge	Sparse
A	Sagittaria	Arrowhead	Scattered
a	Clethra alnifolia	Sweet pepperbush	Common

OVERALL ABUNDANCE Very abundant

## GENERAL OBSERVATIONS:

1. Pondweeds and bladderwort were present over almost the entire lake bottom.
2. Emergents plants were not abundant; floating plants were common, submerged plants were very abundant.
3. At least 3 species of pondweeds were observed.
4. Although not indicated on the map because they weren't in the water, sweet pepperbush was common around much of the shoreline-and were very fragrant.
5. Sponge and painted turtles were observed.
6. The filamentous algae was mostly Spirogyra, but other genera were also present.